



Avocado Puerto Rican Stuffed "Sorullitos" + Avocado Cilantro Salsa + Hibiscus Tea Splash

By Erin Fletter

Prep Time 35 / **Cook Time** 15 / **Serves** 4 - 6

Shopping List

FRESH

2 small ripe avocados

1 ripe tomato OR 1 handful cherry tomatoes

2 green onions

4 sprigs cilantro

3 to 4 limes

1 orange

DAIRY

1 T butter or olive oil ****(see allergy subs below)****

5 oz queso fresco, cheddar, or Monterey Jack cheese, or about 1 1/4 C shredded ****(see allergy subs below)****

PANTRY

1/2 to 3/4 C granulated sugar

3/4 tsp salt

1 1/2 C cornmeal (preferably finely ground!)

2 to 3 T olive oil for cooking

ground cumin to taste, optional

mild chili powder to taste, optional

- 3 hibiscus tea bags
- HAVE ON HAND
- 5 C water + extra for dipping hands to shape dough
- 1 ice

Fun-Da-Mentals Kitchen Skills

knife skills: Bear Claw (growl), Pinch, Plank, and Bridge (look out for trolls) and Rock and Saw.

dice: to cut foods into small pieces of equal size so that the food is cooked evenly or looks uniform and pleasant when used in the recipe.

mix: to thoroughly combine two or more ingredients until uniform in texture.

shred: to reduce food into small shreds or strips (similar to grate).

simmer: to cook a food gently, usually in a liquid, until softened.

stuff: to fill the cavity of a food with another food, like a fruit or vegetable or a savory, sweet, or bread mixture, usually before cooking.

crumble: to break up food into small pieces, like bacon, crackers, or feta cheese.

stir: to mix together two or more ingredients with a spoon or spatula, usually in a circle pattern, or figure eight, or in whatever direction you like!

pour: to cause liquid, granules, or powder to stream from one container into another.

squeeze: to firmly press or twist a food with fingers, hands, or a device to remove its liquid, like shredded potatoes, frozen and thawed spinach, or tofu.

steep: to soak a food, like tea, in water or other liquid so as to bring out its flavor.

Equipment

- Skillet
- Mixing bowl
- Liquid measuring cup
- Measuring spoons
- Dry measuring cups
- Wooden spoon
- Cutting board

- Kid-safe knife
- Grater (or food processor)
- Heat-resistant spatula
- Paper towels
- Plate
- Citrus juicer (optional)
- Pitcher
- Cutting board + kid-safe knife

Ingredients

Amazing Avocado Cornmeal Puerto Rican Stuffed "Sorullitos"

- 2 C water
- 1 T butter or olive oil ****(for DAIRY ALLERGY use olive oil)****
- 3 T granulated sugar
- 1/2 tsp salt
- 1 1/2 C cornmeal (preferably finely ground!)
- 1 small ripe avocado
- 5 oz queso fresco, cheddar, or Monterey Jack cheese, or about 1 1/4 C shredded ****(for DAIRY ALLERGY sub dairy-free/nut-free cheese, like Daiya brand)****
- 2 to 3 T olive oil for cooking

Kid-Made Avocado Cilantro Salsa

- 1 ripe tomato OR 1 handful cherry tomatoes
- 2 green onions
- 4 sprigs cilantro
- 1 small ripe avocado
- 2 to 3 limes, juiced
- 1/2 orange, juiced
- salt to taste

- ground cumin to taste, optional
- mild chili powder to taste, optional

Iced Hibiscus Tea Splash

- 3 C cold water
- 1/4 to 1/2 C granulated sugar
- 1/2 orange, juiced
- 1 lime, juiced
- 3 hibiscus tea bags
- 1 ice

Food Allergen Substitutions

Amazing Avocado Cornmeal Puerto Rican Stuffed "Sorullitos"

Dairy: Substitute olive oil for butter. Substitute dairy-free/nut-free cheese, like Daiya brand.

Kid-Made Avocado Cilantro Salsa

Iced Hibiscus Tea Splash

Instructions

Amazing Avocado Cornmeal Puerto Rican Stuffed "Sorullitos"

measure + stir + simmer

Measure and add **2 cups water**, **1 tablespoon butter**, **3 tablespoons sugar**, and **1/2 teaspoon salt** to a cold skillet. Stir and bring to a simmer. Add **1 cup of cornmeal** to the skillet and stir until it dissolves. Add the last **1/2 cup of cornmeal** to your skillet, turn off the heat, and stir. Cornmeal dough will be soft and a little sticky, not too watery or stiff. Scoop the cornmeal dough into a mixing bowl and save your skillet for frying.

dice + shred + mix

Dice **1 avocado** (after cutting down its equator, twist, and scoop out the flesh!). Shred **5 ounces of cheddar cheese**. Add the shredded cheese to the cornmeal dough and mix it in!

shape + stuff

Break off a golf ball-sized piece of cornmeal and flatten it in your hands. Tip: dip your hands in water before touching the dough—this will help prevent it from sticking to your hands as you shape your Sorullitos! Press a piece of diced avocado into the middle of your dough cake. Wrap the dough around the avocado to hide it! Repeat until you've used all of your cornmeal dough.

heat + flatten + fry

Add **2 to 3 tablespoons of olive oil** to your skillet. Heat the oil, then add your dough balls to the skillet carefully! Use a spatula to flatten them as they fry. When one side is golden brown, flip to fry the other side. Rest the Sorullitos on a paper towel-lined plate as you fry the rest in batches. Top with **Kid-Made Avocado Cilantro Salsa** and enjoy!

Kid-Made Avocado Cilantro Salsa

chop + squeeze + mix

Chop **1 tomato OR 1 handful of cherry tomatoes, 2 green onions**, and the leaves from **4 sprigs of cilantro**. Chop the flesh of **1 avocado**. Add to a mixing bowl. Squeeze in the juice of **2 to 3 limes** and **1/2 orange**. Add **salt** and optional **cumin** and **mild chili powder** to taste. Mix! Now you can top your tacos, quesadillas, or our **Amazing Avocado Cornmeal Puerto Rican "Sorullitos"** with your very own Kid-Made Avocado Cilantro Salsa!

Iced Hibiscus Tea Splash

pour + squeeze + steep

Pour **3 cups cold water** and **1/4 to 1/2 cup sugar** into a pitcher! Squeeze in the juice from **1/2 orange** and **1 lime** into the pitcher. Stir and add **3 hibiscus tea bags**. Let the tea steep while you prepare any other recipes or if you have time, at least 4 hours or overnight.

stir + pour

Before serving, remove the tea bags, stir again to dissolve the sugar, and add **1 cup of ice**. Pour into cups and enjoy!

Featured Ingredient: Avocado!

Hi! I'm Avocado!

"Hola! (Hello!) My name is Avocado, and I'm so happy to be an ingredient in your dish! Avocados can be sliced or chopped and presented naturally, or you can mash us and add lime or lemon juice, salt, cilantro, garlic, onions, jalapeños, and other seasonings to make Guacamole! The citrus juice provides flavor and also keeps us from turning brown in the air. Did you know that avocados are sometimes called Alligator Pears due to our pear-like shape and green skin?"

History

Avocados originated in Mexico and Central America, where Spanish is the national language. Their history dates back 7,000 years. Avocado in Spanish is "aguacate!"

Avocados are now popular all over the globe and are used in all types of recipes! Most of our avocados are grown in Mexico and California. Avocado trees grow best in mild, warm climates with moderate humidity. They don't like cold weather.

The most popular avocado is the "Hass." All Hass avocados are descendants of a "mother tree" that grew in the backyard of a man's house in California.

Anatomy & Etymology

Avocados have a seed or pit! Botanically speaking, that makes them a fruit! So, technically, avocados are berries. Berry interesting, no?

Avocados come in different shapes, from oval to pear, depending on the variety. The skin looks like fine leather, which helps them to withstand the fierce Mexican sun. It's not edible and is durable enough to protect the ripening avocado flesh inside.

Some have smooth skin, while others have a rougher, more pebbled appearance. Most are glossy green, while a few varieties turn purplish-black when ripe. But regardless of the exterior, all have a large, inedible seed surrounded by the soft, buttery, creamy-white to greenish-yellow flesh on the inside, with a delicate nutty taste!

The word "avocado" comes from the mid-17th century Spanish "aguacate," from the Nahuatl "ahuacatl," which has been combined with other words, such as "ahuacamolli," meaning avocado soup or sauce. That is how we get the word "guacamole."

How to Pick, Buy, & Eat

Avocados grow on big evergreen trees with a beautiful crown of smooth, glossy, dark green leaves that shade the avocados from the sun. Avocados mature slowly and steadily on the tree but put off ripening until picked. One tree can produce 150 to 500 avocados per year.

Avocado trees grow best in mild, warm climates with moderate humidity. They don't like cold weather.

How to properly peel an avocado: The method you use to peel an avocado can make a difference to your health. Research has shown that the greatest concentration of carotenoids in avocado occurs in the dark green flesh that lies just beneath the skin. Therefore, you don't want to slice into that dark green portion any more than necessary when peeling an avocado. For this reason, the best method is what the California Avocado Commission has called the "nick and peel" method. In this method, you peel the avocado with your hands in the same way you would peel a banana. The first step in the nick-and-peel method is to cut into the avocado lengthwise, producing two long avocado halves that are still connected in the middle by the seed. Next, you take hold of both halves and twist them in opposite directions until they naturally separate. At this point, remove the seed and cut each of the halves lengthwise to produce long quartered

sections of the avocado. Finally, use your thumb and index finger to grip the edge of the skin on each quarter and peel it off, just as you would do with a banana skin. The result is a peeled avocado that contains most of that dark green outermost flesh that is so rich in carotenoid antioxidants!

Avocado is delicious mashed and spread on toast, chopped and added to salsas, sliced and fanned across salads, and diced and added to soups. In addition, avocado can be breaded and fried and stuffed into tacos, mashed or whipped and added to desserts (like cakes and puddings (yum!)), and, of course, used as a base for countless varieties of guacamole.

Nutrition

Good fat! Avocado is one of only a few fruits to contain fat—the special kind that’s really good for you and keeps you healthy. It’s a source of essential fatty acids and is mostly the same kind of healthy fat found in olive oil. What body part needs this type of fat?! The brain!

Vitamin E keeps our blood healthy!

B Vitamins help our bodies make energy!

Fiber helps to reduce blood cholesterol levels and fight heart disease!

The most nutrition in an avocado is the part of the flesh that’s closest to the peel! This darker green flesh has particular nutrients called carotenoids. The Guinness Book of World Records calls the Avocado the most nutritious fruit known to man!